

Series 6, Basics of uniform convergence

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Reminder:

We say that the sequence $\{f_n\}_{n \in \mathbb{N}}$ of functions

$$\forall_{n \in \mathbb{N}} \quad f_n : A \longrightarrow \mathbb{R}$$

is uniformly convergent to a function

$$g : A \longrightarrow \mathbb{R}$$

iff

$$\sup_{x \in A} |f_n(x) - g(x)| \rightarrow 0, \text{ as } n \rightarrow +\infty. \quad (1)$$

Let us introduce the notation

$$\|f\|_\infty := \sup_{x \in A} |f(x)|,$$

then (1) can be written in the form

$$f_n \rightarrow g \text{ uniformly} \iff \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \|f_n - g\|_\infty = 0.$$

One can check, the following easy to prove qualities

- $\|f\|_\infty = 0 \Leftrightarrow f = 0$,
- $\|\alpha f\|_\infty = |\alpha| \|f\|_\infty$, for any $\alpha \in \mathbb{R}$,
- $\|f + g\|_\infty \leq \|f\|_\infty + \|g\|_\infty$.

Exercises:

(A1) Suppose that $f_n : A \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$, $g_n : A \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$, and $(f_n)_{n \in \mathbb{N}}$, $(g_n)_{n \in \mathbb{N}}$ converge uniformly to f and g respectively. Prove that

- 1) $f_n + g_n$ converges uniformly to $f + g$ on A .
- 2) if both f and g are bounded on A , then $f_n \cdot g_n$ converges uniformly to $f \cdot g$ on A .

(A2) Suppose f_n converges uniformly to f on (a, b) . Show that

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \|f_n\|_\infty = \|f\|_\infty.$$

(A3) Suppose that $f : \mathbb{R} \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$ has a uniformly continuous derivative f' . Prove that

$$n \left(f \left(x + \frac{1}{n} \right) - f(x) \right) \rightarrow f'$$

uniformly on \mathbb{R} .

(A4) Determine whether the following sequences converge uniformly on $[0, 1]$

$$1) \quad f_n(x) = \frac{1}{1 + (nx - 1)^2},$$

$$2) \quad f_n(x) = \frac{x^2}{x^2 + (nx - 1)^2},$$

$$3) \quad f_n(x) = x^n(1 - x),$$

$$4) \quad f_n(x) = n x^n(1 - x).$$

(A5) Investigate pointwise and uniform convergence of the following series

$$1) \quad \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{x}{n^2}, \text{ on } \mathbb{R},$$

$$2) \quad \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} x^2 \exp(-nx), \text{ on } (0, +\infty),$$

$$3) \quad \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} x^2(1 - x^2)^{n-1}, \text{ on } [-1, 1].$$

(A6) Investigate the continuity and differentiability of the following function on \mathbb{R}

$$f(x) = \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \operatorname{arctg} \left(\frac{x}{n^2} \right).$$

If it is differentiable, calculate $f'(0)$.